Form 10-300 (July 1969)

1. NAME

2. LOCATION

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ш Ш TRAPNALL HALL

Frederic Trapnall House

423 East Capitol Avenue

AND/OR HISTORICS

STREET AND NUMBER:

Little Rock

<u>Arkansas</u> 3.与CLASSIFICATION 上海沿海南部沿海市 CATEGORY

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)

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Pulaski County Courthouse		
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Little Rock	Arkansas	0.5
REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS		
TITLE OF SURVEY:	*	A 19
Arkansas Historic Preservation Prod	gram	
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First State Capitol, 300 West Markham

Little Rock

3000 -05

Arkansas

DESCRIPTION	. •			100 300 100 000	il de la companya de	
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The Frederic Trapnall House is a one-storey, five bay main structure with one side wing plus a three bay portico centered on the main structure with a closed-in shed-roofed extension across the rear of the main structure and across the rear of the side wing. Originally the house had only an open rear "piazza", as it was called in 1843, across the rear of the main house and connecting the corner of the side wing. A separate kitchen building was located directly behind this side wing.

The main house roof is and was originally a hip roof with a pediment over the front portico and a simple gable roof, connecting to the main hip roof covering the side wing. The roof is presently covered with black asphalt shingles, however, originally the house had wood shingles. The house has all five original chimneys projecting through the roof - four on the main house and one on the side wing.

The exterior walls of the house are solid brick, three brick thick and the interior walls on either side of the center hall are also solid brick.

In the center of the front portico pediment is a half round louver that replaces the original half elliplical window. Two windows under the front portico, one on either side of the main entrance, have wood panels that extend the opening to the floor with long louvered shutters extending to the floor also. other two windows on the front of the house, one on either side of the portico, are of equal length except without the wood panels and the louver shutters are the length of the windows only. Matching these windows are four others on the west side of the house, three others on the east side of the house and two others on the north side of the side wing. Originally, however, this side wing had only one window facing north. other opening was a door with a small porch over the The main front entrance has a pair of panelled doorway. This door is doors with side lights and transom. exactly matched in the rear with an identical pair of doors with side lights and transom. Several windows of various sizes are located in the closed-in rear addition to the house. Originally this rear extension was

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7. Description Continued:

only the open rear porch and it is probable that four windows, two on either side of the rear center doorway, were originally opening on to this porch. Except for the side wing that was the original dining room, the main house was perfectly symmetrical.

From the center hall are four main doorways, one into each of the four original rooms, two on either side of center hall. These doorways are double and extend to the same height as the windows in the house which are exactly the same height as the top of the transom over the front and rear center doors. The two rooms on the west side of the house are now used as parlors but were originally the bedrooms and both have their original woodwork and mantels still in place. There is a connecting sliding door between these two rooms that is not original. However, on the east side of the house is the large assembly room that was originally the double parlors. The wall between the parlors have been completely removed, however, part of the wood work in these two rooms is original, some having been replaced during the 1963 restoration and rehabilitation of the house. The mantels in this room are quite old but are probably not the original mantels. Wide cypress board floors that are original are now covered with narrow hardwood flooring. The center hall has a wainscot molding the wall painted below with a pattern wallpaper above and a painted ceiling and crown mold. The other rooms are painted throughout with a simple crown mold in all. The present office in the wing was the original dining room and it has most of its original woodwork and mantel with the exception of the original . cupboard and the trim surrounding the one window that has been installed in place of the original door. There was at least one other window on the east side of this room but it has now been closed. The interior woodwork is basically simple and yet is extremely well proportioned and well suited to the simplicity of the overall house. It is not, however, plain. All of the interior windows have panels under the windows ex-

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7. Description Continued:

tending to the floor that are similar to the panels on the exterior of the windows on either side of the front center entrance. All doors and windows have simple architraves with corner blocks. All of the doors are paneled.

The two parlors that were originally bedrooms have twisted, fluted, flowered, bronze, gas chandeliers now converted to electricity in each. These two chandeliers were found in the attic during the 1963 restoration of the house and were probably installed originally in the 1870's. Two crystal chandeliers in the assembly room and the crystal chandelier in the center hall were purchased in New Orleans and installed in the house in the 1930's.

ERIOD (Check One or Mare as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian;	☐ 16th Contury	☐ 18th Century	20th Century
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PECIFIC DATE(S) (II Applicab	la und Known) 1843	3	
REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Che			
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Conservation	☐ Music	Transportation	

Construction was begun on Trapnall Hall in 1843, shortly after the property was purchased by Frederic W. Trapnall.

Trapnall Hall is a simple Greek Revival style one-storey house. Its significance lies in it proportions and the simple but extremely elegant detailing. All of the door and window openings come to exactly the same height above the floor and each are trimmed on the inside with matching architraves with corner blocks. Each window opening has a recess to the floor with the area under the window itself beautifully paneled to match the paneling of the doors. The center hall with its 10 foot high double doors opening one into each of the four main rooms exactly opposite the original wood burning fireplaces situated on the outside walls is perfectly symmetrical and therefore exceptionally elegant. The center hall is 14 feet wide with 14 foot ceilings. Each of the four original rooms are exactly 20 foot square with 14 feet ceilings. The original dining room measures 18 by 19 feet with a 14 foot ceiling. All of the original windows are 4 feet wide and $\bar{7}$ feet high. Although some alterations have been made to Trapnall Hall for present day use, it has lost none of its original proportions or the impression given by the simple but elegant detailing, and the house is truly an Antebellum showplace.

Frederic Trapnall was born near Harrodsburg, Mercer County, Kentucky, on May 23, 1807, the son of Dr. Phillip and Nancy Trapnall. He was educated and admitted to the bar in his native state, and practiced law for a while at Springfield, Kentucky.

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8. Significance Continued:

On November 1, 1836 he married Martha Frances Cocke, at Springfield, Kentucky on the bride's sixteenth birthday. Soon after they were married the young couple came to Arkansas and settled at Little Rock.

Frederic Trapnall was one of the most popular lawyers of his time. Had he not died at the age of 46 he probably would have become one of the political leaders of Arkansas. He was active in the Whig Party and some of the meetings . of that party were held at Trapnall Hall. Trapnall died at Monticello, Arkansas on July 4, 1853 while campaigning for Congress. In his campaign he had enlisted the aid . of Albert Pike and, in Hallum's "Biographical and Pictorial. History of Arkansas" we find this sentence written by Pike concerning the candidate: "Frederic W. Trapnall, in appearance every inch a nobleman, of bright, keen, quick, intellect, gracefully eloquent, whose proper place was in the halls of Congress." Mrs Traphall died at Grank Lake in Chicot County on December 22, 1861. Their only son, Richard Philip, died in infancy on June 9, 1841. Their only surviving daughter, Mary Ringo Trapnall, who was born at Trapnall Hall on May 7, 1852, died on August 27, 1863. All of these Trapnalls are buried in Mt. Holly Cemetery. . . The Trapnall family was connected by marriage to several of the most illustrious Arkansas families. Mrs. Trapnall's sister was Mary Ann Cocke, who married Daniel Ringo, first Chief Justice of the Arkansas Supreme Court. The Trapnall family is buried in half of a large plot at Mt. Holly, and Daniel Ringo and his family are buried in the other half...

Traphalls' younger brother, Philip, who was a junior partner in the law firm of Traphall and Cocke, married Sallie Faulkner, the eldest daughter of Col. Sandford C. Faulkner who originated "The Arkansas Traveler."

Mrs. Traphall's brother was John W. Cocke, who married Elizabeth Pope, daughter of Governor John Pope.

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8. Significance Continued:

The city block of which Traphall Hall stands is unique in that it is the only block which has never been given a number designation, as have the other blocks in the City of Little Rock. Town plats give it no number, and its legal description as shown in records today is simply "Traphalls Block." Though none of Traphall's children lived to carry on his name it continues to be used today by both the house and the unusual block designation.

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9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

- Hallum, John, <u>Biographical</u> and <u>Pictorial History of Arkansas</u>.

Albany: Weed, Parsons and Company, 1887.

Pulaski County Probate Court. The Will of Frederic W. Trapnall.

Pulaski County Probate Court. The Inventory of the Estate of Frederic W. Trapnall.

Ross, Margaret, "Trapnall Hall, Antebellum Showplace,"

<u>Pulaski County Reviewer</u>, Vol. III, No. 1. (December, 1955),

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10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA									
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11. FORM PREPARED BY									
NAME AND TITLE:									
	John V. Robinson, Architectural Historian								
F	ORGANIZATION DATE								
	Arkansas Historic Preservation Program 10/20/72								
	STREET AND NUMBER:								
	1023 West Third								
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12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION						NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION			
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	As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion								
						I hereby certify that this property is included in the Register.			
- 1	in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is: National State Local								
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