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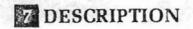
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

TIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES 'NVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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	SEE II	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES (S
K	NAME				
NG.	_	amden Post Office			
	AND/OR COMMON				
	LOCATION				
	STREET & NUMBER 133 W	ashington St., S.W.		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
	city. town Camde:	n	VICINITY OF	CONGRESSIONAL DISTR Fourth	TCT
	STATE Arkan	sas	coos	COUNTY Ouachita	485 T85
ć	CLASSIFIC	ATION			
4	CATEGORY DISTRICT BUILDING(S) STRUCTURE SITE OBJECT OWNER OF NAME General STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN	OWNERSHIP _PUBLIC _PRIVATE _BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION _IN PROCESS _YBEING CONSIDERED PROPERTY Services Administrat	STATUS _OCCUPIED _XUNOCCUPIED _WORK IN PROGRESS ACCESSIBLE XYES: RESTRICTED _YES: UNRESTRICTED _NO ion (At Present)	AGRICULTURECOMMERCIALEDUCATIONALENTERTAINMENTGOVERNMENTINDUSTRIALMILITARY	ENT USE MUSEUM PARK PRIVATE RESIDENCE RELIGIOUSSCIENTIFIC TRANSPORTATION OTHER: storage
			VICINITY OF		
5	LOCATION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,E STREET & NUMBER	OF LEGAL DESCR Ouachita County Courthouse Squa	Courthouse		
	CITY, TOWN Camden		ie .	STATE Arkansa	.5
	REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
	DATE S		FEDEFAL	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
	DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS				
	CITY, TOWN			STATE	



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

_EXCELLENT

__DETERIORATED

__UNALTERED __XALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE

__GOOI

__RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

__MOVED

DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Post Office in Camden, Arkansas, begun February 21, 1895 and completed March 31, 1896, originally housed the Post Office on the first floor and the U. S. Land Office on the second. The site for the \$39,014 building was purchased for \$4,137.

Two basic alterations have been made to this masonry, two-story building with full basement. A one-story masonry extension with basement, was added to the rear (south) in 1925, and in 1945 a one-story, wood-frame annex was attached to the west side extending around to the south end of the building. The latter has since been removed. The main building measures 32 feet by 56 feet, and the extension 28 feet by 53 feet, giving approximately 8,330 square feet.

Camden's Post Office contains some extraordinary masonry work. The red brick walls are laid simply in stretcher bond with thin mortar joints, but the surface is enriched by the molded brick in the water table, the continuous window sills on both the first and second stories, the denticulated string course between the two floors, and the gauged and molded brick around the semicircular arched openings.

At the entrance, seven steps rise to the stoop. Of particular importance on the three-bay facade is the central doorway with a denticulated molding in the gauged brick arch and the terra cotta keystone and label stops. The spring line of the arch is relatively low. Rectangular double doors are set within the semicicular opening, with the remaining space comprising the side lights and transom. Within the arched openings in the first floor end bays are semicircular transoms bridging two double-hung windows. In contrast to the arched windows, directly above and below are found flat arched windows with stone lintels. All second story windows have transoms, and on the front and rear where the windows are double, there are separate lintels above the windows and continuous lintels above the transoms. Directly above the central doorway is an oriel window which is sheathed in copper, one of the most outstanding features of the exterior.

The clay tile roof is pierced by two chimneys, one on the northwest and the other on the southeast, the latter having an added flue. The caps are simple projections, with a band of dentils at the lower edge, crowned with stone. The eyebrow windows on the north and south facades are very atypical of Arkansas buildings. Below the flared eaves of the hip roof is a wooden modillioned cornice.

The one-story rear extension, five bays across and two bays deep, has a flat gravel roof. The top of the parapet aligns with the second story continuous window sill, and a slightly projecting cornice of soldier bricks lines up with the string course of the main building. A soldier course also marks a water table on the extension.

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The interior features a small glassed-in vestibule within the foyer. Separating the foyer from the skylighted work space at the rear is a partition with fluted pilasters, unusual in that the corners are rounded, resting on high wainscoting in which the post office boxes were once arranged. The foyer floor is marble, while the remainder of the first floor is maple. At the east end of the foyer rise the U-shaped stairs leading to the second floor offices. Ceiling height in the basement is nine feet, the first floor sixteen feet and the second floor thirteen feet.

The Camden Post Office is exceptional because of its quality of craftsman-ship, unusual architectural features, and style. Attributed to a Federal government architect, it Richardsonian Romanesque design is remarkably sophisticated, making it all the more outstanding in its relatively provincial setting. Not only is it unique to the city and county, it is significant to the state as well, for it is an early Federally designed building in a style unusual to Arkansas.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEULUGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	_,LAW	SCIENCE
_1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X_ 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY -	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	X POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER ISPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 2-21-1895

3-31-1896

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

Asa Morgan - Builder

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Constructed under the supervision of Asa Morgan, the \$39,000 stone and pressed brick Camden Post Office and Land Grant Office was completed on March 31, 1896. The first floor of the building served as the city post office until 1962, and for a number of years the second floor quartered the U. S. Land Grant Office.

Shortly after the construction of the building, the Camden Press proclaimed that Camden was probably the smallest town in the United States containing a federal government building. The claim was not substantiated, but it does raise an important question relating to the history of the structure. Why did the United States government in an era of low taxes and balanced budgets erect an expensive, Romanesque-style, federal building in the small town of Canden, Arkansas? Perhaps the answer lies in the prosperity which Camden seemed to possess. An account published shortly after the turn of the century describes Camden as a city with commercial significance far exceeding its population of around 5,000. An important port on the Ouachita River and served by two rail lines, Canden possessed the transportation outlets necessary for the annual export of 20,000 bales of cotton. Furthermore, the city was the hub of a burgeoning lumber industry that \cdot operated in the dense southern Arkansas forests, which surrounded the town. The same article also intimates that political pressure might have spurred the construction of the federal building. The local citizens actively petitioned Congressman Thomas C. McRae on behalf of the building and McRae, in turn, garnered a \$25,000 appropriation for construction purposes during the Harrison administration. Perhaps the citizens interest in building a substantial post office stemmed from the fact that the old post office was unsatisfactorily located in the rear of a Camden bank.

At its dedication the Old Camden Post Office was called the "finest building between Texarkana and Little Rock." Today it remains a rare and fine example of the endangered Richardsonian Romanesque style of architecture. The building is a bulky, two-story, three bay, masonry structure, supporting an equally heavy-looking, tile, hipped roof. Typical Romanesque features such as arched apertures, heavily accented exterior moldings, and an impressive oriel window, overlooking the entranceway ornament the structure. Short, thick brackets, resembling beams, are found beneath the roof overhang, and two eyebrow dormers grace the roof itself. In 1925 a one-story, brick addition was attached to the rear of the building, but time has mellowed any adverse impact which the addition

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had upon the structure. The highly ornamental interior of the building remains in fine condition with the only major loss being the postal windows which were once located on the building's first floor.

Nine postmasters were headquarterd in the Old Camden Post Office during its 62 years of use. In the early years of the building political patronage played a major role in filling the office of postmaster. Postmasters were appointed to four year terms and their tenure was invariably tied to specific Presidential administrations. However, J. C. Russell, an ardent Republican, served as postmaster through a total of 27 years of Republican administration. (The passage of the Ramseck-O'Mahoney Bill in 1939 placed the office of postmaster under the classified civil service. Farlier in the century, the appointment of postal clerks by the postmaster had also resulted in a patronage system and at least one case of nepotism is known to have occurred in Camden. Hugh Pickett, the first postmaster in the Old Camden Post Office, hired his son as a postal clerk. Will Pickett worked from 4:00 a.m. until he went to school at 9:00 a.m. for ten cents a day. Postal clerks were placed under the civil service during the Taft administration.)

The Old Camden Post Office is arrare and fine example of Richardsonian Romanesque architecture; it represents the rarity of a 19th century Federal building being located in a small town; and it is a rich reminder of local postal history.

"Old Post Office Dod Sifford, Dora, compi Vol. VII. Out	Save Old Post Office omed for Parking Lot ler. "Ritchie Morga achita County Library	ce." The Camd Project." The An Gets Postal ,, Camden, Ark er Takes Office	e Camden News. J Job." Camden Sc ansas. e," Feb. 15, 1940	une 30, 1976, p.5. rapbook, . <u>Camden</u>
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FORM PREPARED NAME / TITLE Mike Shinn, Historian ORGANIZATION Arkansas Historic Pres STREET & NUMBER	and Wilson Stiles, A	rchitectural I	Historian DATE 9-14-76 TELEPHONE 501-371-16:	39
300 West Markham			STATE	
Little Rock			Arkansas	
	CPRESERVATION LUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF			N
NATIONAL	STATE	X	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic hereby nominate this property f criteria and procedures set forth	or inclusion in the National Re	egister and certify th		
	c Preservation Offic		DATE 9-14-	76
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Tufts, A. A., Compiler. "J. C. Russell Dies After Long Illness."

Camden Scrapbook, Vol. V. Ouachita County Library, Camden,
Arkansas.

