NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 8-86)

NR LISTED 3/17/94

OMB No. 1024-0018

inited States Department of the Interior \* Kational Park Service

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM

1. Name of Property	
historic name: Gillham House	
other name/site number: N/A	
<b>=====================================</b>	
2. Location	
street & number: County Road 584	
	not for publication: N/A
city/town: Royal	vicinity: N/A
state: AR county: Garland code:	: <u>AR 051</u> zip code: <u>71968</u>
\	
3. Classification	
Ownership of Property: <u>Private</u>	- <del></del>
Category of Property: <u>Building</u>	_
Number of Resources within Property:	
Contributing Noncontributing	
buildings sites structures objects 0 Total	
Number of contributing resources previously Register: <u>N/A</u>	listed in the National
Name of related multiple property listing:	N/A

	=		
4. State/Federal Agency Certification			
As the designated authority under the N of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify trequest for determination of eligibility standards for registering properties in Historic Places and meets the procedurate set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my oping does not meet the National Registersheet.	that the property of the land in the land	his X nomination to the documentation of the documentation of the last of the property X teria.	n on of irements meets e continuation
( athur Statu		2-2-94	- -
Signature of certifying official		2-2-94 Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau			
In my opinion, the property meets Register criteria See conti	( inuation	does not meet the on sheet.	National
Signature of commenting or other offici	al	Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau			
5. National Park Service Certification	======		=======================================
I, hereby certify that this property is	3:		
entered in the National Register See continuation sheet determined eligible for the National Register See continuation sheet.			
<pre> determined not eligible for the     National Register     removed from the National Register</pre>	:		
other (explain):	-		
	·	gnature of Keeper	of Action
6. Function or Use		•	
Historic: DOMESTIC		Single dwelling	
Current: DOMESTIC	Sub:	Single dwelling	

7. Description	3 <b>222663</b>					
Architectural Class			=======================================	======		
Other				•		
	150.000	_				
Other Description:	Dog-trot					
Materials: for wal	undation lls	Stone Wood/Log	roo oth		Asphalt Wood pord posts	ch
Describe present a sheet.	and historic	physical app	earance.	<u>_x</u> _	See conti	nuation
8. Statement of St	ignificance					
Certifying official relation to other	al has consi	dered the sig	nificance o			
Applicable Nationa	al Register	Criteria: _	<u> </u>			
Criteria Considera	ations (Exce	ptions):	N/A			
Areas of Significa	ance: <u>ARCH</u>	ITECTURE				
				<del></del>		
Period(s) of Signi	ificance:	c. 1866				
Significant Dates:	c. 1866					
Significant Person	n(s): <u>N/A</u>					
Cultural Affiliati	ion: N/A					
Architect/Builder:	Gillham,	Phillip Phaga	n			
State significan considerations, an X See continuat	nd areas and	coperty, and periods of s	l justify ignificance	crit	eria, cı above.	riteria

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					Reference					
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v ·	<b>C</b>		<b>.</b>		4				ds.	
	See	cont	ınuatı	ion she	eet.					
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_	reco	rded	ру на	storic	c American	Engineer	ıng Re	cord	#	
Prima	ary I	ocati	ion of	Addi	tional Dat	a:				
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					Less than					
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Verba	al Bo	undar	y Des	cript:	ion:	See conti	Lnuati	on sh	eet.	
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dista	ancé	of ap	proxi	mately	y 200 feet	to its in	nterse	ction	with a p	erpendicular
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										feet to its ern edge of
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					the poin					

This boundary includes all the property historically associated with thi resource that retains its integrity.

Boundary Justification: \_\_\_ See continuation sheet.

11. Form Prepared By

Name/Title: Kenneth Story, Architectural Historian

Organization: Arkansas Historic Preservation Program Date: 01/28/94

City or Town: Little Rock State: AR Zip: 72201

Street & Number: 323 Center Street, Suite 1500 Telephone: (501) 324-9880

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#### **Summary**

Located approximately one-half mile north of U. S. Hwy. 270 on Gilliam Road, the Gillham House is a single-story, log dog-trot residence built c. 1866 by Phillip Phagan Gillham, a Union Civil War veteran and former resident of Ozark, Arkansas. Though the building has suffered some alterations over time, it retains its overall historic appearance and construction, including its low roofline and both half-notched and center-notched pine log pens.

#### Elaboration

The Gillham House is a single-story, log dog-trot residence built c. 1866 by Phillip Phagan Gillham, a Union Civil War veteran and former resident of Ozark, Arkansas. Though the building has suffered some alterations over time, it retains its overall historic appearance and construction, including its low roofline and V-notched pine log pens.

The western or front elevation is composed of the central single-leaf entrance (set into the vertical wood in-fill that covers the original open passageway) and half-sidelights and two pair of four-over-four wood windows placed to either side (the vertical plank in-fill in the wall below these windows -- which matches that around the entrance -- tends to indicate that these are not original and may have been replaced when the dog-trot was enclosed). The eastern or rear elevation is composed of the two shed roof additions onto the building, the first running the full length of the original facade and containing two one-over-one wood windows near its center, and a single-leaf entrance beneath the porch roof. The second addition is the shed roof screened porch at the northern end; it is accessed via a single-leaf entrance on its northern side.

With the exception of the rear porch abutting the northern end of the building, the northern and southern elevations are very similar. Both are anchored by the central stone chimney rising through the gable peak that is flanked by two wood windows (the southern windows being four-over-four sash, while the northern windows are one-over-one sash). The shed roof rear addition is lit by a single six-over-six wood window at the northern end and both a six-over-six sash and a one-over-one sash window in its southern end.

Significant exterior details include the original log pens, which are constructed of both halfnotched and center-notched pine logs, frequently leaving relatively large spaces in between, and the massive stone chimneys (the northern of which appears to be original, while the southern chimney reflects the Rustic style masonry traditions of the Depression era). The log section contains a number of four-over-four wood windows that, if not original, appear to be historic.

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The interior has been remodeled somewhat, particularly due to the space added with the substantial rear addition (c. 1920). Yet the original log construction remains evident in the passageway, though the original chinking has been removed and replaced with some type of wood in-fill.

Alterations include the obvious full-length rear shed addition with its northern screened porch. The shed roof of the front porch also appears to have been rebuilt at some point, though it appears to follow the same roofline of the original.

The Gillham House is presently in very good condition.

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Summary

Criterion C, local significance

The Gillham House, constructed c. 1866, is locally significant under Criterion C by virtue of its status as the best local example of a log dog-trot residence from any historic period. In spite of the large, shed roof rear addition and the enclosing of the original dog-trot on the front, the Gillham House retains its fundamental original appearance as seen from the county road it faces and thus has not lost sufficient physical integrity to compromise its eligibility.

#### Elaboration

Phillip Phagan Gillham, Sr. was born on October 24, 1828 and raised on a farm in the vicinity of Ozark, Arkansas, near the northern bank of the Arkansas River. He remained in the Ozark area after his marriage to his first wife, Matilda Stewart, until the outbreak of the Civil War. The frequency of foraging military details along the northern bank of the Arkansas River, and particularly those associated with the Confederate units under the command of General Hindman, ravaged the family farm and even forced Gillham and his young family to become refugees for a time, escaping to Little Rock and points beyond.

It was during these travels that Matilda and several of their young children contracted either measles or influenza and died. Phillip buried them somewhere southwest of Little Rock and enlisted in Union army, probably soon thereafter. He enlisted in Company "H" of the 3rd Missouri Cavalry (Volunteers) and served with them until his release on September 17, 1864. Since his boyhood farmstead had been virtually wiped out, he purchased a substantial amount of land in the area that would become the small rural community of Royal, just west of Hot Springs. The pine logs of which it is constructed were felled by Gillham from pine stands on the property and brought to this site for the construction of his home. Gillham remarried soon thereafter, taking Sarah Adeline Rogers King as his new wife, and having seven more children with her, all of whom were raised in this house. Phillip Gillham survived her also, remarrying for a third time in 1893 at the age of 65. His third wife -- Elizabeth J. Hance Gillham -- he married in what is now Oklahoma, and it was to her that he left the house after his death on September 30, 1908.

The Gillham House was constructed on what was then a principal north-south road through the rural area west of Hot Springs, in the days long before the flooding of the area just to the north of this house that would become Lake Ouachita. It continues to face what is now County Road #584 and remains on its original site. The several later extant outbuildings -- located just across the associated driveway to the north -- were built well after the original residence and thus are

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not included in this nomination.

The Gillham House is locally significant under Criterion C by virtue of the integrity and uniqueness of its original pine log construction. The combination of half- and center-notching found throughout the structure is most unusual, and probably reflects Gillham's own lack of expertise at building such log structures. The pine log construction, though not at all unusual at the time it was built, is not well-represented today in the state's historic fabric. Given that pine is a softwood and therefore prone to both structural instability and deterioration, pine log structures have not survived well over the years and relatively few remain. The fact that these logs have been so well protected from the elements over time is the only reason that they are still here at all. Finally, the existence of such a simple, traditional folk residence in this presently isolated location reflects both the historic architectural record and the settlement patterns that were common during the late nineteenth century, before steady urbanization took place and the state's rural population began to relocate to larger commercial and transportation centers. As such, the Gillham House remains significant through its ability to recall that era and to preserve its historic visual record. For these reasons, the Gillham House is a local historic resource of considerable importance.

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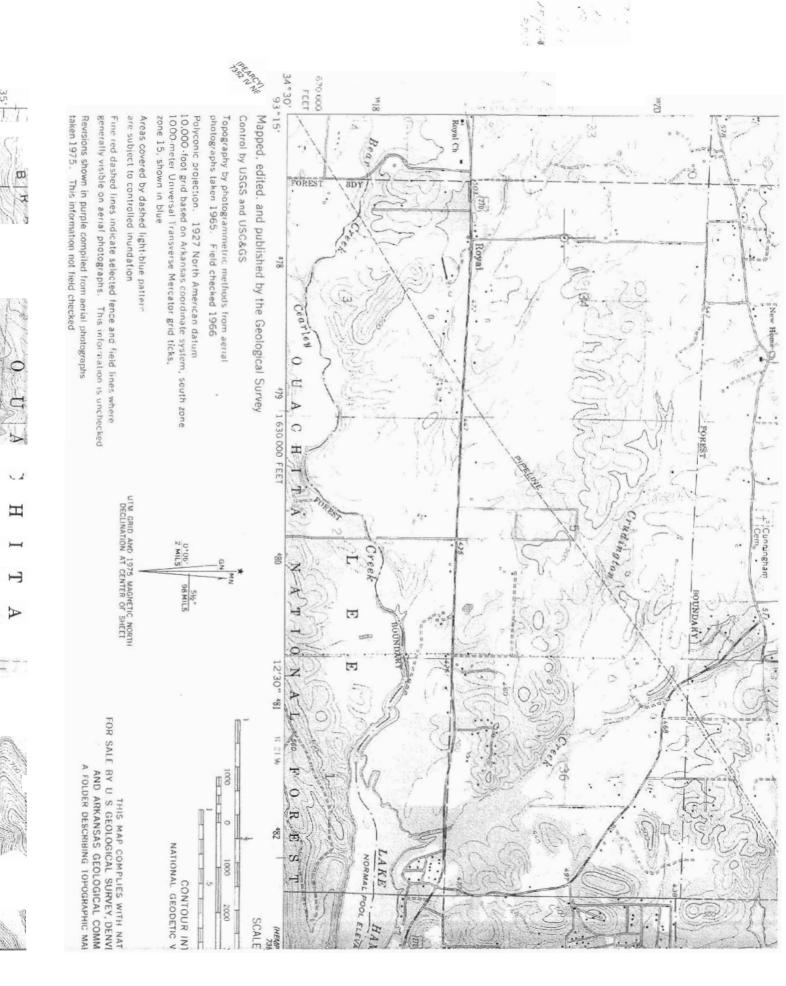
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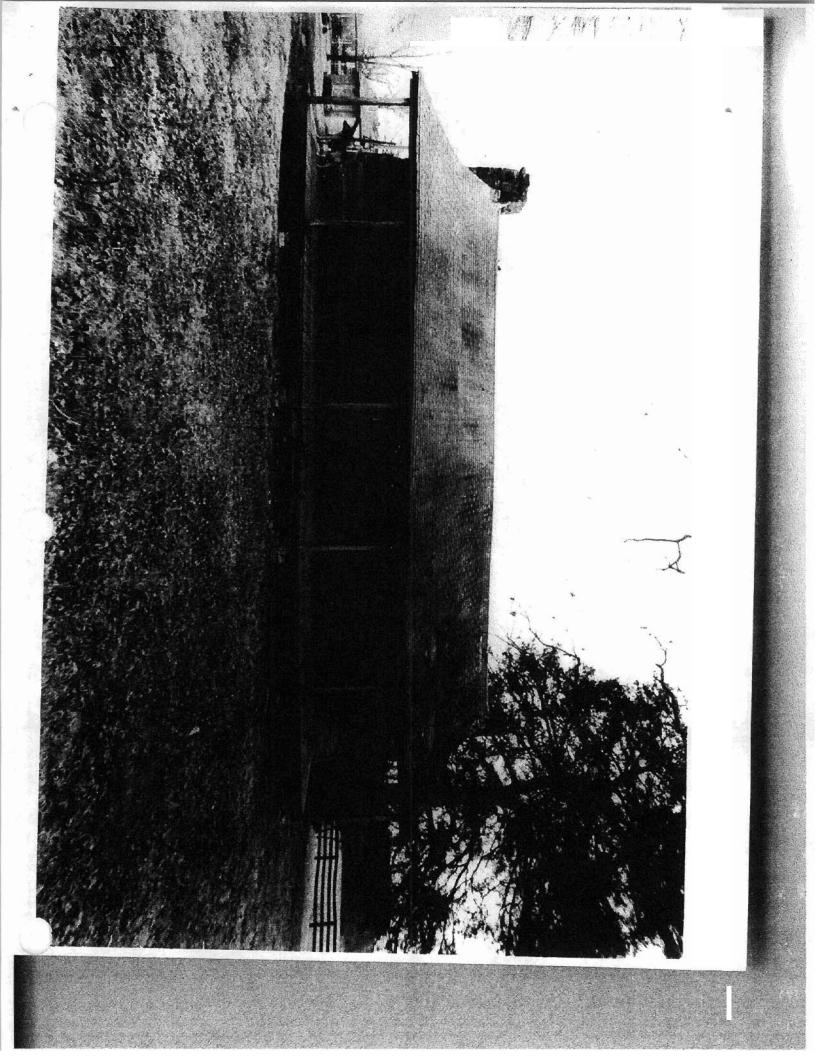
#### **Bibliography**

Information provided by Mr. Donald E. Henson, Royal, Arkansas.

Richter, Wendy, "The Impact of the Civil War on Hot Springs, Arkansas," Arkansas Historical Quarterly, Vol. XLIII, No. 2 (Summer 1984).

Williams, Charles G., "The Confederate Home Guard in Southwest Arkansas," Arkansas Historical Quarterly, Vol. XLIX, No. 2 (Summer 1990).





SIXLAAM HOUSE
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HORIL, 1842
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VIEW FROM WEST



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SILLHAM HOUSE

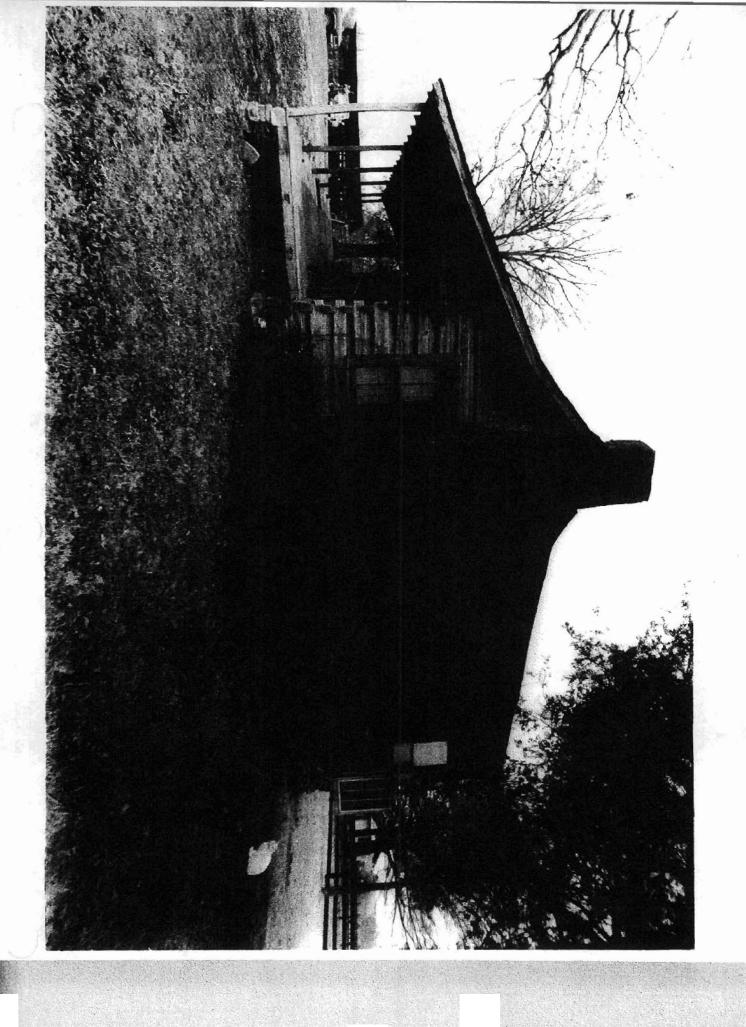
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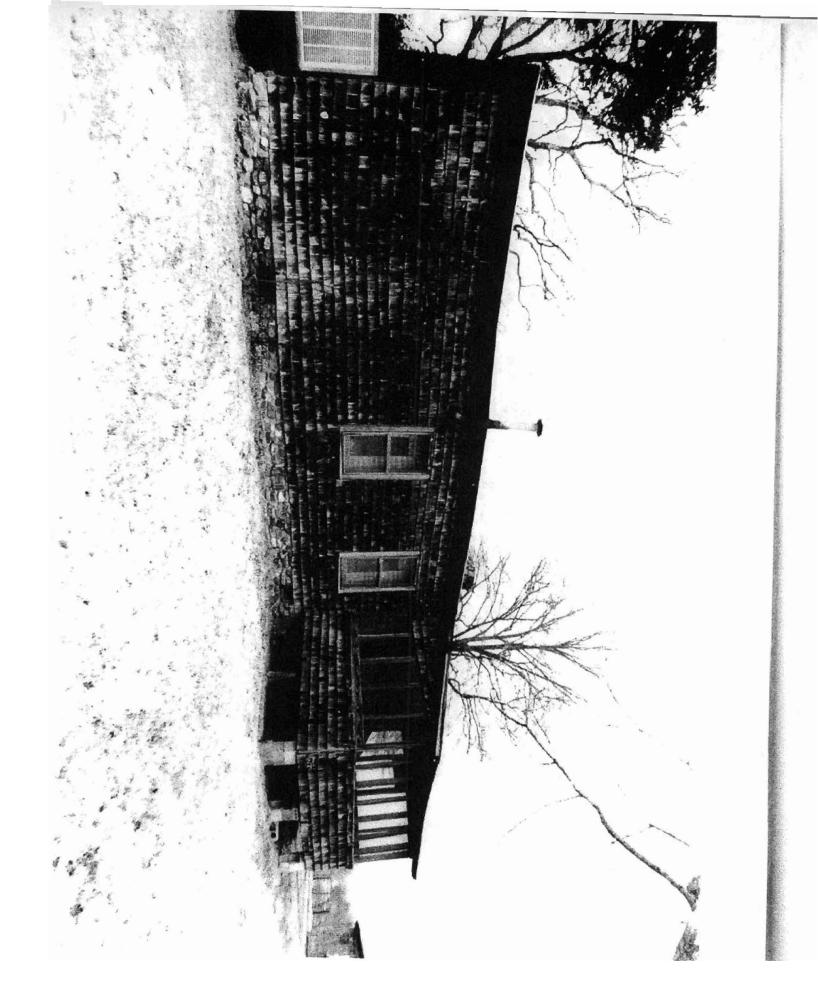
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VIEW FROM NORTH



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